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 APPLICATION NO.
 FILING DATE
 FIRST NAMED INVENTOR
 ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.

 09/060, 287
 04/14/98
 MAHANY
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 DN37882YE

LM02/1027 GARY R STANFORD AKIN GUMP STRAUSS HAUER & FELD 816 CONGRESS AVENUE SUITE 1900 AUSTIN TX 78701 PEYTON, T

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER
2782

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DATE MAILED:

10/27/99

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Office Action Summary

1

Application No. 09/060,287

Applicantis

MAHANY ET AL.

Examiner

Tammara Peyton

Group Art Unit 2782



Responsive to communication(s) filed on Apr 14, 1998	
☐ This action is FINAL .	
☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for fo in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C	rmal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.
A shortened statutory period for response to this action is set to exis longer, from the mailing date of this communication. Failure to rapplication to become abandoned. (35 U.S.C. § 133). Extensions 37 CFR 1.136(a).	xpire month(s), or thirty days, whichever
Disposition of Claims	
	is/are pending in the application.
Of the above, claim(s)	
Claim(s)	
X Claim(s) <u>15-46</u>	
Claim(s)	
☐ Claims	
Application Papers ☑ See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Re	•
☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are objected to	
☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on	
☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.	is _approved _disapproved.
☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority under the control of th	ler 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d). e priority documents have been
received.	
received in Application No. (Series Code/Serial Number	
received in this national stage application from the Inte	
*Certified copies not received:	
Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority un	ider 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).
Attachment(s)	
☑ Notice of References Cited, PTO-892☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper No(s).	
☐ Interview Summary, PTO-413	
☑ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948	
☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152	
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SEE OFFICE ACTION ON THE F	COLLOWING DAGES

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 15-46 are pending for application 09/060,287 filed on 04/14/98.

Double Patenting

- 2. Claims 15-34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as claiming the same invention as that of claim 5-30 of prior U.S. Patent No. 5,740,366, *Mahany et al.* This is a double patenting rejection.
- 3. As per claims 15-34, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to derive from U.S. Patent No. 5,740,366 the applicant's claimed invention because both draw to the conclusion of a first node operating in a normal state and a second node operating in a low power state wherein transmitting to the second node is preformed at predetermined intervals thereby resulting in a conservation of power for the second node between transmissions. [See *Mahany et al.*, col. 15, lines 50- col. 22]

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 35 46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Natarajan* et al., (hereafter Natarajan), patent no. 5,241,542.
- 6. As per claim 35, *Natarajan* teaches of a communication network supporting wireless communication of messages, said communication network comprising:
 - a first node having a wireless transceiver; [Base Station, 26 or 28, Fig.1]
 - a second node having a wireless transceiver; [Mobile Station, 10, 12, 14, or 16]

said first node wirelessly transmitting at periodic intervals to accommodate delivery of message from said first node [Base Station, 26 or 28, Fig.1] to said second node [Mobile Station, 10, 12, 14, or 16]; and [col. 4, lines 39-45]

said second node selectively either entering and remaining in a low power state between the transmissions at periodic intervals [col. 4, lines 63- col. 5, lines 1-6] or entering and

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remaining in a low power state between any two of the transmissions [col. 5, lines 7-29, 58-60,

col. 6, lines 16-38, 59-68, col. 7, lines 1-11].

Natarajan teaches a power saving method that allows the second node to selectively sleep

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during multiple transmissions by turning its receiver to an OFF state when it is determined by the

second node that there is no messages to be received during a given frame. It would have been

obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to selectively enable

a node operating in a power saving state to change to a normal state only when there is a message

waiting for that particular node, wherein several transmission can occur during this idle period,

because it would reduce the power consumption for that particular node between transmissions.

7. As per claim 36, it is a matter of design choice to have the first or second node comprised

of a roaming terminal.

As per claim 37, it is a matter of design choice to have the nodes receive message during 8.

a time period that follow one of the transmissions.

As per claim 38, is it a matter of design choice to have the time period immediately 9.

follow one of the transmission.

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- 10. As per claim 39, is it a matter of design choice to have the time period immediately follow one of the transmission during an awake time window.
- 11. As per claim 40, is it a matter of design choice to have the awake time window occur an offset time following one of the transmission during an awake time window.
- 12. As per claim 41, *Natarajan* teaches of a communication network supporting wireless communication of messages, said communication network comprising:

a first node having a wireless transceiver; [Base Station, 26 or 28, Fig.1]

a second node having a wireless receiver; [Mobile Station, 10, 12, 14, or 16, Fig. 1 or 9]

said first node wirelessly transmitting at periodic intervals to accommodate delivery of

message from said first node [Base Station, 26 or 28, Fig.1] to said second node [Mobile Station,

10, 12, 14, or 16]; and [col. 4, lines 39-45]

said second node synchronizing selectively either entering and remaining in a low power state between the transmissions at periodic intervals [col. 4, lines 63- col. 5, lines 1-6] either one of between consecutive transmissions at periodic intervals or between nonconsecutive transmissions at period intervals. [col. 5, lines 7-29, 51-60, col. 6, lines 16-38, 59-68, col. 7, lines 1-11].

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Natarajan teaches a power saving method that allows the second node to selectively sleep during multiple transmissions by turning its receiver to an OFF state when it is determined by the second node that there is no messages to be received during a given frame. Further, Natarajan teaches that the second node will remain inactive until a certain time period wherein it will awaken thereby synchronizing it communication with the timed intervals. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to synchronize with the timed intervals to selectively enable a node operating in a power saving state to change to a normal state only when there is a message waiting for that particular node, wherein several transmission can occur during this idle period, because it would farther reduce the power consumption for that particular node between transmissions.

13. As to claims [41 renumbered 42] 42-46, these claims are similar to claims 36-40, therefore, they are rejected under the same rational.

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Conclusion

14. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tammara Peyton whose telephone number is (703) 306-5508. The examiner can normally be reached between 8:00 - 4:30 from Monday to Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thomas C. Lee, can be reached on (703) 305-9717. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 305-3718.

15. Any inquiry of a general nature of relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

Mailed responses to this action should be sent to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, D.C. 20231.

Faxes for formal communications intended for entry should be sent to:

(703) 308-9051,

or, for informal or draft communications, to:

(703) 306-5404 (please label "PROPOSED" or "DRAFT").

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to:

Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal Drive, Arlington, VA, Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

Tammara Peyton

October 18, 1999

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

CROUP 2700